From Algorithmic Jukeboxes to Zero-Time Synthesis A Potential A – Z of Music in Tomorrow's World

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Abstract: Unsure whether tomorrow's world will call for an alphabet change, this paper, using our current alphabet, investigates twenty-six aspects of music that one might discover in the not too distant future.

INTRODUCTION

An increasingly interactive world. Alright, a world with increasing interactivity using digital technology. A world in which copyright means increasingly less. Idem customs (the international border one, not the day to day one). A world in which one socialises in digital neighbourhoods where physical space is irrelevant. These are visions of Nicholas Negroponte, one of many individuals concerned with our arriving into the future as soon as is feasible. The speed has become so great that this visionary is now seen by some to be rather, well, behind the future times as it were.

This paper is an ideas paper. Its outline was created when the theme of this conference was conceived. During the interim fifteen months, so much has happened that a few entries had to be changed. Others are still there – their future is much more present than it was fifteen months ago.

I don't know whether tomorrow's world will call for an alphabet change. In the interim, this paper, using our current alphabet, investigates twenty-six aspects of music that one might discover in the not too distant future.

ANA-Z

A: Algorithmic Jukebox It has to change. It just has to! People cannot continue solely to listen to their favourite top ten hits every other hour for a few months and then discard them, can they? As a matter of fact, there are recent signs that people can actually tolerate live popular music, such as performed by DJs, that is not identical to the recording!

The concept behind the algorithmic jukebox is simply that the user(s) can choose the type of music desired and the jukebox will play a new piece every time. You may ask, but most popular music has a text. Is one to treat that algorithmically as well? Of course lyrics will be treated similarly. Members of the experimental French writers group Oulipo were writing algorithmic detective novels decades ago. Conquering algorithmic love song lyrics will be, well, rather unchallenging in comparison.

Sampling techniques will permit you to have your favourite musicians' instruments and voices processed so that you feel you are not meeting new, unknown performers with each click of your wireless device.

How versatile will the system be? The more learned the user, the more detailed the opportunity. Programme an entire seductive evening before your date's mobile all-purpose utility aid triggers the doorbell to ring.

B: Beethoven II, no We must now slowly but surely accept the fact that immortality is dead. Long live the ephemeral. With due respect, any attempts that Stockhausen continues to make to become the last century's Wagner or even Beethoven will not succeed. Few will know who Michael Jackson was in fifty years time. Therefore, talented musicians unite and enjoy music while it takes place. For the here and now is the signature of our era. It was fairly acceptable to most musicians in centuries past and still is in many cultures. There is no volte-face expected.

C: Computer folk music (see also V: Virtual composition collectives and Y: Yoruban computer music) The notion of computer folk music supports the previous view concerning the ephemeral. More and more music-making is taking place online. This is not a trend.

People need to make music. Some have been influenced negatively during the last century as the perfect recording became more perfect and the virtuoso musician continued to break records in terms of virtuosity. Fear was added to joy in terms of people's desire to make music. However, just like CB radio turned shy individuals into ultra-communicators, the internet is offering opportunities for people to meet and become mates in a variety of forms, music not being the least of them. As more people are able to communicate musically within cyberspace, the notion of music of and for the people will evolve, perhaps radically. The net will represent an important venue for the musics of the people, a k a folk music.

D: Dial-a-space Have you ever had the experience of performing that gig you so looked forward to and found that the performance space was, well, not quite good enough? No worry. Dial-a-space will allow you to provide the listener with an environment of any size, reverberation and geometry you choose. Many of us talk about the urgency of intimacy in our music. Albert Hall will be able to sound like a Parisian salon with the proper setting. We've diffused sound around spaces for years, now how about a dynamic environment as part of the audio or audio-visual experience?

E: E-operas, e-symphonies, more interesting e-genres, not to mention e-instruments Face the facts. Our orchestras and opera companies are begrudgingly attempting to reinvent themselves. The race is to find the quickest protocol for an e-opera and e-symphony before someone else gets there first. I leave it to you whether this is worth the collective effort. New operas and orchestral music in the latter half of the twentieth century were neither often composed nor generally accepted, especially by the musicians. Actually, e-sacred music is not unthinkable either.

I believe that the map of music is awaiting revision. Two powerful dinosaurs are under threat. On the one hand the funded music circuit is trying desperately to keep music written 120-400 years ago alive. Furthermore, the commercial sector wants you to alter your taste as quickly as they can produce recordings. The internet will change both.

In the revised map of music, nothing will be lost, although some slices of the musical pie might get slimmer as the market organically becomes more segmented. New genres will evolve, including e-genres or i-genres. Equally, as the internet moves on from a MIDI-based to an audio-based standard, new e- and i-instruments will be designed and shared, a very enticing prospect. Whatever happens, our instrumentarium will include new imaginative keyboards. It is not unthinkable that future instruments increasingly resemble Gameboys and the like.

F: Fuzzy logic applied to a composition's development Why did it take so long for fuzzy logic to be discovered? It is so damned logical. As Negroponte points out, a toaster should not be able to burn toast. Our cars are getting fuzzy logic-based climate control. So how can this be used in music? We composers are becoming increasingly sophisticated in terms of our knowledge of areas outside of our métier. We use strategies to compose music that were unthinkable a century ago, when the application of the fibonacci series in music was still the talk of the town. As our understandings of forms in nature, neural nets, perception and even emotion increase, our ability to translate this into formulae will grow accordingly.

Please allow me to take a stab in the dark. There must be some form of structural control of a composition to disallow us composers from writing those works which are simply too long. If fuzzy logic can keep our heating and air conditioning systems in line, it should be able to control any aspect or parameter in music. Might this not aid in our greater understanding of balance?

G: Granular music's own Grammy Awards You may believe that the word, paradigm is overused. I am not so certain. So much is evolving, and will continue to for the time being, that paradigmatic changes are rather inevitable.

Granular synthesis is but one of the many exciting new ways to create sound. People involved in granulation have been known to define sound entities, sound flows and structures as part of one holistic process. This type of thinking will continue to lead to new listening experiences. Some of these will become more universally recognised than they are currently. As these approaches and paradigms root more deeply appreciation will likewise be increased. Or do they need to be replaced as often as our equipment? I doubt it. Therefore the notion of a Grammy (or equivalent) for a granular piece is anything but an odd fantasy.

H: Household digital A/V installations Ah, how we do like to keep up with the latest technological developments. For the Apple users amongst you, how much time has been spent dreaming what OS X will mean for you. Let's skip these evolutionary steps for a moment and look a bit further ahead. Will we need dozens of machines to cater to our audio-visual desires at home in the future? I doubt it. One central multipurpose, multiprocessing machine should take care of things throughout the home (and elsewhere)

rather well. Television and radio can be requested anywhere at any time. And, as Negroponte has often pointed out, we will be able to select bits that interest us in the same fashion as we choose items in our newspapers. Physically owning recordings will become unnecessary as storage will take place at origin and the replacement for our optical cables will ensure our receiving whatever we need as quickly as technology will allow, which in any event will be faster than our perception receives it.

All that we will need, and even this is possibly superfluous, is some sort of multi-purpose triggering device, such as that mobile all-purpose utility aid mentioned above. We will be able to look at wide screens or smaller ones in the same space depending on the atmosphere we want to create. And that evergreen of ours, surround sound? Yes, it just might be a matter of a few years before we can transport ourselves into a totally different acoustic and visual environment at a touch of a button or transmission of a thought.

I: Internet Conservatoire Some of us are loners. I, for one, like to socialise. This online learning business is just another form of development to ensure we never see, meet or work with people. To make matters worse, we in music sometimes enjoy the collective creation or performance of music. Who wants an internet conservatoire?

This conservative paragraph must have had some parallels when the UK's Open University was conceived. Yet no one doubts that the increase in opportunities for individuals through this initiative is enormous. Can you learn to hold your instrument properly on the internet? In fact you can. The internet allows for virtual eye-to-eye tutorials.

No one believes that an entire musical education can be taught by way of packaged music modules offered online. Many of us, however, underestimate what can be done at a distance. The efficiency gained by placing all elements online serving the student and lecturer alike is potentially significant. Time will tell whether one needs to be physically seated in a single space to make instrumental music collectively. As with everything in education, not to mention the arts, it is simply a question of finding a balance. The time lost by staff and pupil alike doing things one already knows or following a collective pathway is a shame and can be improved through online learning. Slower students will equally profit by the

ensembles. The protocol defining when solos and accompaniment take place is agreed by the participants and/or the system. The notion of the pick up gig will take on a new form.

K: Kindergarten, electroacoustic composition in When I was a young child, I was treated to the opportunity to play objects from daily life within a musical context at a nursery school. Thus sonic art became as much part of my sound universe as any other form of music. It is a shame that only a select few were treated to this during that time. Today, young children can choose between Play Stations and CD-ROMs, many of which are filled with electroacoustic sound material.

If we then evaluate the proportion of music they hear that involves sound in whatever form, the introduction of electroacoustic creation in kindergarten should perhaps become as common as group singing. Any child can do what I did with the glasses, rocks and other objects. Children all play computer games at their own level. All that is needed is an appropriate interface to assist in their being able to create a piece no matter how basic. The sense of discovery that will accompany such experiences will influence the child positively in two senses. She or he will look forward to continuing creative work as there was no threshold to start. The early introduction of creative processes to children is equally a great aid in terms of their discipline, logic and communication skills.

L: Length-variable works of music Having already complained that too much contemporary music (not to mention other art forms as well) is too long, we now move on to something much more dynamic. One of the key areas of investigation that I have been involved with is the notion of the flexible composition. In my case, flexibility involves with whom one works and for whom a piece is being performed.

Length-variable works of music are adjustable according to circumstance. Classic FM and equivalent broadcasters abroad will love this as they will ask for 3'37" lasting works from everyone. That silliness aside, I can well imagine a Scelsi or Feldman meditative work being shortened for certain circumstances even if they didn't. Don't forget, performers of ragas have known how to shorten or lengthen a work ad libitum given circumstances in which a performance takes place.

This composition tool will allow us hungry composers to be able to reply to a festival director or concert promoter that our work is exactly as long as they need. Putting a different spin on this, perhaps our works need full length and concertante versions or whatever our own equivalents might be. Algorithms will be evolved which can ensure that the key characteristics of a piece are in no way diminished in either an epoch or reader's digest form.

M: Music This was in question ... Suffice to say that no matter how hard we try to redefine or even destroy our art or our environment, music will survive us whether we define it as organised sound or anything else.

N: Neighbourhood interactive sound installations Similar to the concept of dialaspace, the notions of the flexible, portable concert hall, sonic playground and other day to day venues are inevitable. Modular, that is, multipurpose architecture is due to increase exponentially allowing people maximum choice of usage in communal spaces.

Parallel to this, the growth of success of public art, be it non-linear, will continue. Public artists will increasingly call upon sound as part of the interdisciplinary, multi-sensual experience. Everyone knows how well appreciated sound installations can be. In fact, many very innovative sound installations are infinitely more accessible than most contemporary music. With the continual lowering of prices accompanying the increase of sophistication of our sound equipment, it is perfectly feasible for neighbourhoods to get together and create dynamic sound installations that evolve with time or are regularly altered.

Wouldn't it be nice if music, or the arts in general, could bind communities in the future? It wouldn't be the first time.

O: Osteopathic sound massage Gebrauchsmusik is in need of finding new forms. If you are no longer au fait with Hindemith, what we are talking about here is music for use. Those of us who somehow missed the New Age are still aware of music's potential role in meditation. What is proposed here is a sound-based therapy to assist in righting what's wrong with you. Not only is this paper insisting that the music market be re-created, it is also interested in alternative pharmaceuticals. Therefore as sustainable energy opportunities are finally allowed to develop – think of all that wasted wind – sustainable holistic medical applications will equally be found. Homeopathy and the like may never replace traditional medicine. Still, these fields will surely increase in importance as human beings realise that we are only part of nature and need to look to it for our own healing. Sound, being part of nature, will play a role in healing.

P: Popular electroacoustic music Oops, I'm a bit on the late side with this one. Let's say, not new, just more. Electroacoustique (without the accent) and electronica are currently two trendy words in popular music and, let's face the fact, popular electroacoustic music has been in existence since the era of Hendrix, Pink Floyd and Soft Machine, just to name a few.

Today's techno is clearly a form of electroacoustic music unless we define it in its original narrow sense. Fortunately words do evolve and this awkward five-syllable word now embraces a variety of forms of sonic art. The growth of popular forms of the music of sound will follow a dynamic path. And, by the way, to what market does plunderphonics belong?

Q: Qualifications in computer game ingenuity The computer game market is larger than the film market. It is a part of life of the majority of youths in the civilised world if not practically everywhere. Besides the entertaining and relaxation (if that's the proper word) aspects of computer games, there are also developmental aspects. I therefore suggest that we can expect the offering of qualifications to become standard practice similar to those of swimming diplomas, perhaps leading to equivalents of O and A levels. Similarly new forms of education will be devised whereby computer games are integrated into learning curricula. For those from outside Britain, suffice to say that there are already more than one bachelors and masters programmes in computer games on offer.

might not have come into being in traditional contexts. The internet conservatoire will be but one training ground for virtual composition collectives. And don't forget that with time we will be able to see everyone playing during our i-music-making if we so choose.

tomorrow's evolution will concern the retention or disappearance of languages, cultural traditions and habits as well as types of music. Many battles will be lost. Some will be won. Digital technology will not get in the way of and may end up supporting the cause for cultural diversity, especially when people of a specific cultural background or interest can create music together, with or without e- and i-instruments, even whilst being spread out around the globe.

Z: Zero-Time Synthesis I wonder how many definitions there are currently of the term real-time in music? When I studied computer music, real-time meant that the length of computation time did not exceed that of the piece you were trying to generate. Rare then, common today. In some cases sound becomes audible as soon as it is triggered in performance or virtually. This should now be given the name zero-time synthesis.

How about this? If artificial intelligence or however it's called tomorrow develops much further, will the computer's thought processes precede our decision-making? What would this then be called? Negative-time synthesis or perhaps simply avant-garde?

CAN'T CONCLUDE YET

How can one present a conclusion for things that have mostly not yet happened? I wouldn't be surprised if more items have been realised from the list above than I am currently aware of. Many entsris p2 T o35y a.8961 p2Z list NF LD1 pvly items 016g? rTj ,0 -13.4371

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- J: Jazz online accompaniment
- K: Kindergarten, electroacoustic composition in
- L: Length-variable works of music
- M: Music
- N: Neighbourhood interactive sound installations
- O: Osteopathic sound massage
- P: Popular electroacoustic music
- Q: Qualifications in computer game ingenuity
- R: Record and play back the world
- S: Sonic puzzles
- T: Twenty-four hour electroacoustic broadcasting
- U: Ultrasonic art
- V: Virtual composition collectives
- W: WYSIWYG composition notation
- X: XL, L, M, S virtuosity levels of different versions of the same piece of music
- Y: Yoruban computer music
- **Z:** Zero-Time Synthesis